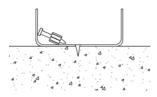


CONCRETE SYMPTOM

FASTENER DOES NOT HOLD IN BASE MATERIAL OR BASE MATERIAL SPALLS



CAUSE

High strength concrete

Hard or large aggregate in concrete

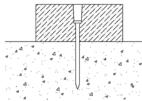
ACTION

Use shorter fastener

Use PowerPoint pin

Use load with a different power level

FASTENER PENETRATES TOO DEEP



CAUSE

Fastener too short for application

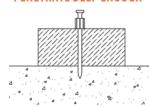
Tool power level too high

ACTION

Use longer fastener

Use a lighter powder load

FASTENER DOES NOT PENETRATE DEEP ENOUGH



CAUSE

Fastener too long

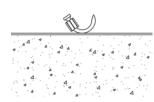
Tool power level too low

ACTION

Use a shorter fastener

Use a stronger powder load

FASTENER BENDS



CAUSE

Fastener hit large aggregate on entry

Concrete too hard

Fastener hit rebar just under the surface

ACTION

Use shorter fastener

Use PowerPoint pin

Make sure tool is perpendicular to the work surface

Move over 3 inches, try to fasten again

STEEL SYMPTOM

FASTENER DOES NOT PENETRATE THE SURFACE



CAUSE

Driving power too low

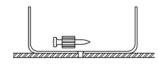
Material may be too hard for forced entry fastener

ACTION

Increase powder load level

Use PowerPoint pin

FASTENER DOES NOT HOLD IN BASE MATERIAL



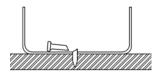
CAUSE

Steel base material is too thin

ACTION

Use gas system tools with smaller Shank pin or Tek pin

FASTENER BREAKS OR BENDS



CAUSE

Driving power is too low

Fastener is too long

| Material may be too hard for forced entry fastener

ACTION

Increase powder load level

Reduce fastener length

FASTENER DOES NOT FULLY PENETRATE STEEL



CAUSE

Driving power too low

Steel base material too thick

Application limit may have been reached

ACTION

Increase powder load level

Use PowerPoint pin

